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13  
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NETCHOICE, LLC d/b/a NetChoice  
15

16  
17 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
18 THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
19 SAN JOSE DIVISION  
20

21 NETCHOICE, LLC d/b/a NetChoice,  
22 Plaintiff,  
23 v.  
24 ROB BONTA, ATTORNEY GENERAL OF  
THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, in his official  
25 capacity,  
26 Defendant.  
27  
28

Case No. 5:22-cv-08861-BLF

**DECLARATION OF LIBBY ROIN IN  
SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR  
PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION**

Date: June 22, 2023  
Time: 9:00 a.m.  
Dept.: Courtroom 3 – 5<sup>th</sup> Floor

Action Filed: December 14, 2022

1 I, Libby Roin, declare:

2 1. **Identity of Declarant.** I am Chief Executive Officer of Goodreads. I make this  
3 declaration from personal knowledge and a review of Goodreads' records kept in the ordinary  
4 course of business.

5 2. **Goodreads Service.** Goodreads is the world's largest site for readers and book  
6 recommendations. Its mission is to help people discover books they love and get more out of  
7 reading. As of February 2023, Goodreads has approximately 150 million registered users globally.

8 3. Goodreads was started in 2006 as a website where users could create and share  
9 virtual bookshelves to track books they had read, were reading, or planned to read; post book  
10 ratings and reviews; and engage in discussions about books with other users. These user-generated  
11 reviews and ability to track their reading continues to be a main draw for Goodreads users.  
12 Goodreads also now provides personalized book recommendations to its users based on the books  
13 they have previously "shelved" or reviewed and publishes original content to the Goodreads News  
14 and Interviews page.

15 4. Goodreads facilitates discussion not only among established book lovers, but also  
16 among teen readers who are still developing their love of reading. Teachers have reported that  
17 encouraging their students to track reading through Goodreads encourages accountability,  
18 motivates students, and fosters a sense of accomplishment. Teachers can encourage students to  
19 set goals for themselves through the Goodreads Reading Challenge. Goodreads also facilitates  
20 peer-to-peer recommendations among students, with less prolific readers able to benefit from the  
21 suggestions of their book-loving classmates.

22 5. Goodreads also provides a number of services to authors and publishers that allow  
23 them to connect with a broad audience of readers. For example, verified authors can register for  
24 author accounts that permit them to interact with readers through the "Ask the Author" feature,  
25 share their Kindle notes and highlights from their own titles with readers, and write or import  
26 blogs. Like any other Goodreads user, authors can also "shelve" books, create book lists, track  
27 their reading, and write reviews. Authors and publishers can also sponsor giveaways to promote  
28 books on Goodreads.

1           6. To connect Goodreads users with books that they might enjoy, Goodreads uses  
2 algorithms that take into account user’s preferences, including book ratings and favorite genres.  
3 One of the genres on Goodreads with which users engage most frequently is “Young Adult,” which  
4 describes books that span the entire spectrum of fiction genres but are “written for, published for,  
5 or marketed to adolescents and young adults, roughly ages 13 to 18.” *See* Goodreads, *Genres:*  
6 *Young Adult*, <https://www.goodreads.com/genres/young-adult>. The individual titles on Goodreads  
7 with which users engage most frequently include, among others, Harry Potter and the Sorcerer’s  
8 Stone, The Hunger Games, Twilight, and The Fault in Our Stars – all young adult novels.

9           7. ***Means of Accessing Service.*** Goodreads is free to users, all of whom are subject  
10 to Goodreads’ Terms of Service and must be 13 years of age or older to access the services.  
11 Goodreads is accessible through a web browser or through the Goodreads mobile app. It is not  
12 necessary for users to create or log in to a Goodreads account to access book reviews, book pages,  
13 blogs, and other content on the Goodreads site. Users do, however, need to register for a  
14 Goodreads account to post their own ratings, reviews, and comments, to add books to digital  
15 bookshelves, to connect with friends to share reading lists, and to take advantage of Goodreads’  
16 personalized book recommendation services.

17           8. To create an account, users must provide a verifiable email address (meaning an  
18 email address that can be confirmed as functional through an automated verification email) and a  
19 name, which is not verified and need not be real. Many users prefer to create their accounts using  
20 pseudonyms. Account holders may, but are not required to, provide additional information about  
21 themselves, including their birthdays. Goodreads believes that individuals should if they so choose  
22 be able to engage in thoughtful discourse about books without having to identify their real  
23 identities. Relatedly, users may set their profiles to be viewable to everyone, only to registered  
24 Goodreads users, or only to Goodreads friends. Book reviews are always posted publicly but, as  
25 noted, may be posted under a pseudonym.

26           9. Authors can also create specialized accounts through Goodreads’ free Author  
27 Program, which allows them to manage their author profiles, engage with readers, and promote  
28 their books. To claim an author account, a Goodreads user must submit an application with

1 sufficient information to verify that they are in fact the author, including official author contact  
2 information, publisher contact information, and other online accounts associated with the author.

3 10. **Business Model.** The vast majority of Goodreads' revenue comes from advertising.  
4 Goodreads' principal advertisers are book publishers and companies that advertise book-related  
5 products, such as films based on popular books. Some Goodreads ads are displayed to all users at  
6 a given time, or based solely on the content a viewer is engaged with at that moment. Goodreads  
7 also uses "interest-based ads"—also known as personalized ads—to display features, products,  
8 and services that might be of interest to registered users. This practice benefits both users (by  
9 displaying ads that are likely to interest them) and advertisers (by displaying their ads to those  
10 most likely to purchase the advertised product). Users can opt-out of interest-based ads if they  
11 choose to. In serving interest-based ads, Goodreads follows the Self-Regulatory Principles for  
12 Online Behavioral Advertising developed by the Digital Advertising Alliance (a coalition of  
13 marketing, online advertising, and consumer advocacy organizations). See Digital Advertising  
14 Alliance, *Self-Regulatory Principles for Online Behavioral Advertising* (July 1, 2009),  
15 [https://digitaladvertisingalliance.org/sites/aboutads/files/DAA\\_files/seven-principles-07-01-](https://digitaladvertisingalliance.org/sites/aboutads/files/DAA_files/seven-principles-07-01-09.pdf)  
16 [09.pdf](https://digitaladvertisingalliance.org/sites/aboutads/files/DAA_files/seven-principles-07-01-09.pdf).

17 11. **Censorship Requirements.** I understand that AB 2273 will require businesses like  
18 Goodreads to assess and mitigate the risk that "potentially harmful content" could reach younger  
19 users through Goodreads. Although Goodreads expends substantial resources to create a safe and  
20 welcoming community, it is impossible to predict which books or book-related discussion might  
21 be considered "potentially harmful" to any category of young readers (let alone any specific young  
22 reader).

23 12. Predictably, books that some might consider controversial or potentially harmful  
24 generate lively debate among the Goodreads community. For example, as of January 16, 2023,  
25 there are 33,347 reviews posted for *Lolita* by Vladimir Nabokov. There are 12,296 reviews for  
26 *Blood Meridian or The Evening Redness in the West* by Cormac McCarthy, "an epic novel of the  
27 violence and depravity" of the American West in the 1850s that was named one of the all-time  
28 greatest English-language novels by *Time* magazine. There are 5,502 reviews posted for *Lawn*

1 *Boy* by Jonathan Evison, a novel acclaimed by some but banned by others. *See* Hannah Natanson,  
2 “A mom wrongly said the book showed pedophilia; school libraries banned it,” *Washington Post*  
3 (Dec. 22, 2022), [https://www.washingtonpost.com/education/2022/12/22/lawn-boy-book-ban-](https://www.washingtonpost.com/education/2022/12/22/lawn-boy-book-ban-pedophilia/)  
4 [pedophilia/](https://www.washingtonpost.com/education/2022/12/22/lawn-boy-book-ban-pedophilia/).

5 13. Goodreads’ automated book recommendation service—one of Goodreads’ most  
6 crucial services—is designed to match users with books that best fit their profiles. Redesigning  
7 this service, or creating a new one, to remove “potentially harmful” content is not feasible. The  
8 “potentially harmful” standard is simply too vague and subjective, and does not account for  
9 historical or literary value. Moreover, given the millions of titles listed on the site, it would be an  
10 extraordinary undertaking for Goodreads to attempt to evaluate the “potentially harmful” nature  
11 of each book or even each genre as a whole.

12 14. Goodreads recognizes that controversy and debate is part and parcel of the  
13 exchange of ideas. Indeed, some of the most groundbreaking and critically lauded books in  
14 history—books regularly read by teenagers—were considered harmful in their time and might still  
15 be considered harmful today. For example, J.D. Salinger’s *The Catcher in the Rye* is considered  
16 an “all-time classic in coming-of-age literature,” Goodreads, *The Catcher in the Rye*,  
17 [https://www.goodreads.com/book/show/5107.The\\_Catcher\\_in\\_the\\_Rye](https://www.goodreads.com/book/show/5107.The_Catcher_in_the_Rye), yet it has also been  
18 associated with two murders and an attempted assassination. *See* Clemence Michallon, “What  
19 happens when books inspire real-life violence?” *Independent* (Feb. 11, 2021),  
20 [https://www.independent.co.uk/arts-entertainment/books/features/the-turner-diaries-capitol-](https://www.independent.co.uk/arts-entertainment/books/features/the-turner-diaries-capitol-insurrection-books-b1800572.html)  
21 [insurrection-books-b1800572.html](https://www.independent.co.uk/arts-entertainment/books/features/the-turner-diaries-capitol-insurrection-books-b1800572.html). Other important books—including those that document war  
22 or historical atrocities such as the Holocaust—impart disturbing information that could negatively  
23 affect some readers’ emotional well-being. *Maus* by Art Spiegelman, for example, is a graphic  
24 novel that “recounts the chilling experiences of the author’s father during the Holocaust”; it has  
25 been described as “brutally moving,” and could disturb a reader’s sense of well-being  
26 notwithstanding the thousands of positive reviews on Goodreads.

27 15. Politically controversial books could also be considered harmful by some. Ta-  
28 Nehisi Coates’ *Between the World and Me*—which has more than 300,000 ratings on Goodreads—

1 was the subject of an investigation by a legislator in another state due to concerns that it “might  
2 make students feel discomfort, guilt, anguish, or any other form of psychological distress[.]”  
3 Emily Donaldson, “Books about race, sexuality spark investigation into Texas schools,” *Dallas*  
4 *Morning News* (Oct. 26, 2021), [https://www.dallasnews.com/news/education/2021/10/26/school-](https://www.dallasnews.com/news/education/2021/10/26/school-districts-under-investigation-by-texas-house-over-books-curriculum/)  
5 [districts-under-investigation-by-texas-house-over-books-curriculum/](https://www.dallasnews.com/news/education/2021/10/26/school-districts-under-investigation-by-texas-house-over-books-curriculum/). And certain books that may  
6 be highly salutary to some audiences can be harmful to others: Maya Hornbacher’s bestselling  
7 memoir *Wasted: A Memoir of Anorexia and Bulimia* is a “vivid, honest, and emotionally  
8 wrenching memoir,” see Goodreads, *Wasted: A Memoir of Anorexia and Bulimia*, which  
9 Hornbacher wrote “to keep people from going where [she] went.” Emma Seaber, *Reading*  
10 *Disorders: Pro-Eating Disorder Rhetoric and Anorexia Life-Writing*, 34 *Literature and Med.* 484,  
11 484-508 (2016). But some academics have argued that it can be read as offering “a positive  
12 presentation of anorexia nervosa that may, intentionally or not, induce certain readers to ‘try it’  
13 themselves.” *Id.*

14 16. While Goodreads understands that these and other works will not be appropriate  
15 for all readers, Goodreads is committed to allowing users to openly discuss and debate these and  
16 other controversial books. Goodreads believes that parents, not Goodreads, should decide if their  
17 children and teens are ready for such works. Goodreads seeks to create a safe space where readers  
18 can share, learn about, and discuss challenging literary works honestly and respectfully, without  
19 inhibition.

20 17. Goodreads applies that same ethos to the contributions of its users. Goodreads does  
21 not remove user-generated content unless the content violates the Goodreads Community  
22 Guidelines or Review Guidelines—for example, if content is plagiarized, self-promotional, or  
23 artificially inflates or deflates a book’s ratings or reviews. Although identifying such violations is  
24 sometimes straightforward, it frequently requires judgment calls. To provide adequate flexibility  
25 to respond to a wide range of user content and allocate enforcement resources, the Community  
26 Guidelines and Review Guidelines state that Goodreads retains “sole discretion” to decide when  
27 content violates our guidelines. True and correct copies of the Community Guidelines and Review  
28 Guidelines are attached hereto as **Exhibit 1** and **Exhibit 2**, respectively.

1           18. *Age Verification.* I understand that AB 2273 will require businesses like  
2 Goodreads to “[e]stimate the age of child users with a reasonable level of certainty.” Although  
3 Goodreads’ terms require users to be 13 or older, Goodreads does not require those users to provide  
4 more detailed age information (such as birthdate or actual age).

5           19. Although Goodreads allows users to add birthdays to their profiles, many users do  
6 not provide this information, and self-reported birthdates are not a dependable metric for users’  
7 ages. Relying on user activity to estimate a user’s age would be similarly challenging because  
8 genres directed at young people—such as “Young Adult”—are widely read by adults, and  
9 teenagers’ reading habits are often just as sophisticated as those of adults.

10           20. To verify the ages of Goodreads’ users, Goodreads would need to begin requiring  
11 account registration for all users and collecting sensitive personal information that it does not  
12 currently collect. These requirements would erect a significant barrier to accessing Goodreads  
13 services’ and would likely alienate and even exclude many users (such as, for example, those who  
14 lack government identification cards).

15           21. Even if Goodreads were to require users to set up accounts and accountholders to  
16 verify their birthdates or ages, that still would not necessarily suffice to verify the identity (and  
17 therefore age) of any specific user. An adult could “verify” an account when the account is  
18 established—or even if necessary each time she logs in to the account—but there is no guarantee  
19 that the account will not thereafter be used by a young person.

20           22. *Restrictions on Algorithms, Data Collection, and Data Use.* I understand that AB  
21 2273 might prohibit Goodreads from collecting user information for purposes that are ancillary to  
22 the service in which a minor user is “knowingly and actively engaged,” or to inform algorithms  
23 that make up a core part of Goodreads services. Depending on how these restrictions are  
24 interpreted, they could impact Goodreads’ ability to use information about a user’s engagement  
25 with our services (such as through “shelving” books) to recommend books, track and remove “bot”  
26 activity, and improve services based on how users interact with the site. In addition, if these  
27 restrictions extend to Goodreads’ ability to use data to display advertising to users, Goodreads may  
28 have to collect revenue from alternate sources—such as users—to sustain its business.

