



Maryland Consumer Rights Coalition

**Testimony to the House Economic Matters Committee
HB 690: Motor Vehicle Insurance - Use of Credit History Rating Policy
Position: Favorable**

February 17, 2022

Delegate C. T. Wilson, Chair
House Economic Matters Committee
Room 231, HOB
Annapolis, Maryland 21401

Cc: Members, House Economic Matters Committee

Honorable Chair Wilson and Members of the Committee:

The Maryland Consumer Rights Coalition (MCRC) is a statewide coalition of individuals and organizations that advances financial justice and economic inclusion for Maryland consumers through research, education, direct service, and advocacy. Our 8,500 supporters include consumer advocates, practitioners, and low-income and working families throughout Maryland.

I write today in strong support of HB 690.

The bill removes the use of credit from rating factors in auto insurance. This is a critical and sensible solution to make auto insurance more affordable for working families in our state.

The Maryland Insurance Administration (MIA) prohibits the use of race and income but allows a slew of other factors including credit that act as proxies. MIA's consumer guide states that an auto insurance company can use factors to "assist insurers in predicting the likelihood that you will be in an auto accident in the future or *will file a claim for damages.*" This means that insurance companies can protect themselves from having to cover the cost of damages by using factors to corner a market of people who will be less likely to file a claim. By assessing a premium holder's financial standing, insurance companies can select clients that are more likely to cover damages out of pocket than file a claim with their insurance company and risk years of increased premium costs.

Credit is one of the most egregious factors which disproportionately affects low-income drivers and working families. Insurance companies review individuals' credit scores to try to predict the likelihood of which drivers might file a claim. Insurance companies cherry-pick 30 of 130 elements of a credit report,



creating a proprietary score different than the FICO score.

A 2018 report from WalletHub found that the average premium fluctuation between moderate and good credit is 41% with a maximum fluctuation of 95% difference. A 2019 Zebra study found someone with moderate credit would be charged \$696 more than someone with excellent credit¹.

According to a 2015 *Consumer Reports* study², a Maryland driver with good credit will pay \$255 more than a driver with excellent credit, while a driver with poor credit will pay \$1,759 more than a driver with excellent credit. At the same time, a Maryland driver with excellent credit and a DUI will pay \$1,636 less than a driver with poor credit but a perfect driving record. These are the wrong incentives – when someone with poor credit pays more than someone with a DUI, this is a policy problem.

The majority of Maryland drivers with poor credit see a 40% increase in their auto insurance rates, regardless of their driving record. This policy disproportionately impacts low-income drivers and drivers of color who tend to have less access to credit. It also impacts women, particularly single heads of households, who tend to have less access to credit.

Maryland has already banned the use of credit in setting home insurance rates because it was found to be discriminatory. California, Massachusetts, and Hawaii ban the use of credit in auto insurance.

If the use of credit is removed from consideration, insurance companies will have to assess and weigh factors related to driving, like number of DUIs and accidents, more heavily. This would be an appropriate shift in rating policy as it allows insurers to take on a higher risk based on a driver's ability to drive. This gets the incentives right – those with accidents and DUIs *should* pay more for insurance, while drivers with poor credit will pay based on their profile as a driver, rather than their profile as a person.

We strongly support HB 690 and urge a favorable report.

Best,
Isadora Stern
Policy Associate

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https://www.consumerreports.org/car-insurance/car-insurance-money-savers-surprises/?EXTKEY=EE9141.IBAC&utm_source=acxiom&utm_medium=email&utm_campaign=20190205_cromc_engagewkly

² <https://www.consumerreports.org/cro/car-insurance/credit-scores-affect-auto-insurance-rates/index.htm>