



Committee: Environment and Transportation
Testimony on: HB0295 - “Water Pollution - Stormwater Management Regulations and Watershed Implementation Plans - Review and Update”
Organization: Climate Justice Wing of the Maryland Legislative Coalition
Submitting: Laurie McGilvray
Position: Favorable
Hearing Date: January 27, 2021

Dear Mr. Chairman and Committee Members,

Thank you for allowing our testimony today in support of HB0295. The Maryland Legislative Coalition’s Climate Justice Wing, a statewide coalition of over 50 grassroots and professional organizations, urges you to vote favorably. The bill will increase community resilience and mitigate urban and coastal flooding and water pollution impacts by adapting Maryland’s stormwater design standards to increased precipitation due to climate change and by imposing climate-smart criteria on private-sector development to help the state meet pollution load requirements by 2025.

Outdated Data and Climate Change: Maryland’s efforts to protect local waters and communities from pollution and restore the Chesapeake Bay are based on outdated assumptions about precipitation and ignore the very real impacts of climate change. State and local regulators currently are using outdated rainfall data in their permits and modelling. In order for state and local regulators to adequately address the identified threats from increased precipitation and flooding, Maryland must update its stormwater standards.

How HB0295 Fixes the Problems Created by Outdated Data and Modelling: This bill addresses the impacts of climate change and increased precipitation and flooding by:

- 1) requiring regular updates to Maryland’s outdated technical design standards for stormwater and erosion control practices; and
- 2) ensuring that the last round of water pollution permit renewals address increased stormwater pollution attributable to climate-driven precipitation before the 2025 Bay Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) deadline.

In addition to protecting public safety and water quality through the proper design and operation of stormwater management facilities, the bill also will implement a channel protection strategy to reduce downstream erosion in receiving streams and implement water quantity control strategies to prevent increases in the frequency and magnitude of out-of-bank flooding from large, less frequent storm events.

For these reasons we urge a favorable vote for HB0295.