

HOUSE BILL 659

E3

9lr2441

By: **Delegates Shetty, Jalisi, Atterbeary, Bagnall, Brooks, Cain, Cox, D.M. Davis, Dumais, W. Fisher, Fraser-Hidalgo, Healey, Hettleman, Johnson, Korman, R. Lewis, Lierman, Lopez, Love, Moon, Palakovich Carr, Pena-Melnyk, Reznik, Solomon, Sydnor, Terrasa, ~~and Wilkins~~ Wilkins, Bartlett, Cardin, Crutchfield, J. Lewis, and R. Watson**

Introduced and read first time: February 6, 2019

Assigned to: Judiciary

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments

House action: Adopted

Read second time: March 9, 2019

CHAPTER _____

1 AN ACT concerning

2 **Juvenile Law – Continued Detention – Minimum Age**

3 FOR the purpose of prohibiting the continued detention, beyond emergency detention, of a
4 child under a certain age unless the child is alleged to have committed a certain act
5 that, if committed by an adult, would be a crime of violence or the child is likely to
6 leave the jurisdiction of the court; and generally relating to juvenile law.

7 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
8 Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings
9 Section 3–8A–15
10 Annotated Code of Maryland
11 (2013 Replacement Volume and 2018 Supplement)

12 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
13 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

14 **Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings**

15 3–8A–15.

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

Underlining indicates amendments to bill.

~~Strike out~~ indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



1 (a) Only the court or an intake officer may authorize detention, community
2 detention, or shelter care for a child who may be in need of supervision or delinquent.

3 (b) If a child is taken into custody under this subtitle, the child may be placed in
4 detention or community detention prior to a hearing if:

5 (1) Such action is required to protect the child or others; or

6 (2) The child is likely to leave the jurisdiction of the court.

7 (c) A child taken into custody under this subtitle may be placed in emergency
8 shelter care or community detention prior to a hearing if:

9 (1) (i) Such action is required to protect the child or person and
10 property of others;

11 (ii) The child is likely to leave the jurisdiction of the court; or

12 (iii) There is no parent, guardian, or custodian or other person able
13 to provide supervision and care for the child and return the child to the court when
14 required; and

15 (2) (i) 1. Continuation of the child in the child's home is contrary to
16 the welfare of the child; and

17 2. Removal of the child from the child's home is reasonable
18 under the circumstances due to an alleged emergency situation and in order to provide for
19 the safety of the child; or

20 (ii) 1. Reasonable but unsuccessful efforts have been made to
21 prevent or eliminate the need for removal from the child's home; and

22 2. As appropriate, reasonable efforts are being made to
23 return the child to the child's home.

24 (d) (1) If the child is not released, the intake officer or the official who
25 authorized detention, community detention, or shelter care under this section shall
26 immediately file a petition to authorize continued detention, community detention, or
27 shelter care.

28 (2) A hearing on the petition shall be held not later than the next court day,
29 unless extended for no more than 5 days by the court upon good cause shown.

30 (3) Reasonable notice, oral or written, stating the time, place, and purpose
31 of the hearing, shall be given to the child and, if they can be found, the child's parents,
32 guardian, or custodian.

1 (4) Except as provided in paragraph (5) of this subsection, shelter care may
2 not be ordered for a period of more than 30 days unless an adjudicatory or waiver hearing
3 is held.

4 (5) For a child in need of supervision or a delinquent child, shelter care may
5 be extended for an additional period of not more than 30 days if the court finds after a
6 hearing held as part of the adjudication that continued shelter care is consistent with the
7 circumstances stated in subsections (b) and (c) of this section.

8 (6) (i) An adjudicatory or waiver hearing shall be held no later than 30
9 days after the date a petition for detention or community detention is granted.

10 (ii) If a child is detained or placed in community detention after an
11 adjudicatory hearing, a disposition hearing shall be held no later than 14 days after the
12 adjudicatory hearing.

13 (iii) Detention or community detention time may be extended in
14 increments of not more than 14 days where the petition charges the child with a delinquent
15 act and where the court finds, after a subsequent hearing, that extended detention or
16 community detention is necessary either:

17 1. For the protection of the child; or

18 2. For the protection of the community.

19 **(E) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS SECTION,**
20 **DETENTION MAY NOT BE CONTINUED BEYOND EMERGENCY DETENTION FOR A CHILD**
21 **UNDER THE AGE OF 12 YEARS UNLESS ~~THE~~;**

22 **(1) THE CHILD IS ALLEGED TO HAVE COMMITTED AN ACT THAT, IF**
23 **COMMITTED BY AN ADULT, WOULD BE A CRIME OF VIOLENCE AS DEFINED UNDER §**
24 **14-101 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR**

25 **(2) THE CHILD IS LIKELY TO LEAVE THE JURISDICTION OF THE**
26 **COURT.**

27 **[(e)] (F)** (1) Detention or community detention may not be continued beyond
28 emergency detention or community detention unless, upon an order of court after a hearing,
29 the court has found that one or more of the circumstances stated in subsection (b) of this
30 section exist.

31 (2) A court order under this paragraph shall:

32 (i) Contain a written determination of whether or not the criteria
33 contained in subsection (c)(1) and (2) of this section have been met; and

1 (ii) Specify which of the circumstances stated in subsection (b) of this
2 section exist.

3 (3) (i) If the court has not specifically prohibited community detention,
4 the Department of Juvenile Services may release the child from detention into community
5 detention and place the child in:

6 1. Shelter care; or

7 2. The custody of the child's parent, guardian, custodian, or
8 other person able to provide supervision and care for the child and to return the child to
9 court when required.

10 (ii) If a child who has been released by the Department of Juvenile
11 Services or the court into community detention violates the conditions of community
12 detention, and it is necessary to protect the child or others, an intake officer may authorize
13 the detention of the child.

14 (iii) The Department of Juvenile Services shall promptly notify the
15 court of:

16 1. The release of a child from detention under subparagraph
17 (i) of this paragraph; or

18 2. The return to detention of a child under subparagraph (ii)
19 of this paragraph.

20 (iv) 1. If a child is returned to detention under subparagraph (ii)
21 of this paragraph, the intake officer who authorized detention shall immediately file a
22 petition to authorize continued detention.

23 2. A hearing on the petition to authorize continued detention
24 shall be held no later than the next court day, unless extended for no more than 5 days by
25 the court on good cause shown.

26 3. Reasonable notice, oral or written, stating the time, place,
27 and purpose of the hearing, shall be given to the child and, if they can be located, the child's
28 parents, guardian, or custodian.

29 **[(f)] (G)** (1) Shelter care may only be continued beyond emergency shelter
30 care if the court has found that:

31 (i) Continuation of the child in the child's home is contrary to the
32 welfare of the child; and

33 (ii) 1. Removal of the child from the child's home is necessary
34 due to an alleged emergency situation and in order to provide for the safety of the child; or

1 2. Reasonable but unsuccessful efforts were made to prevent
2 or eliminate the need for removal of the child from the home.

3 (2) (i) If the court continues shelter care on the basis of an alleged
4 emergency, the court shall assess whether the absence of efforts to prevent removal was
5 reasonable.

6 (ii) If the court finds that the absence of efforts to prevent removal
7 was not reasonable, the court shall make a written determination so stating.

8 (3) The court shall make a determination as to whether reasonable efforts
9 are being made to make it possible to return the child to the child's home or whether the
10 absence of such efforts is reasonable.

11 [(g)] (H) A child alleged to be delinquent may not be detained in a jail or other
12 facility for the detention of adults.

13 [(h)] (I) (1) A child alleged to be in need of supervision may not be placed in:

14 (i) Detention or community detention;

15 (ii) A State mental health facility; or

16 (iii) A shelter care facility that is not operating in compliance with
17 applicable State licensing laws.

18 (2) Subject to paragraph (1)(iii) of this subsection, a child alleged to be in
19 need of supervision may be placed in shelter care facilities maintained or approved by the
20 Social Services Administration or the Department of Juvenile Services or in a private home
21 or shelter care facility approved by the court.

22 (3) The Secretary of Human Services and the Secretary of Juvenile
23 Services together, when appropriate, with the Secretary of Health shall jointly adopt
24 regulations to ensure that any child placed in shelter care pursuant to a petition filed under
25 subsection (d) of this section be provided appropriate services, including:

26 (i) Health care services;

27 (ii) Counseling services;

28 (iii) Education services;

29 (iv) Social work services; and

30 (v) Drug and alcohol abuse assessment or treatment services.

1 (4) In addition to any other provision, the regulations shall require:

2 (i) The Department of Juvenile Services to develop a plan within 45
3 days of placement of a child in a shelter care facility to assess the child's treatment needs;
4 and

5 (ii) The plan to be submitted to all parties to the petition and their
6 counsel.

7 **[(i)] (J)** The intake officer or the official who authorized detention, community
8 detention, or shelter care under this subtitle shall immediately give written notice of the
9 authorization for detention, community detention, or shelter care to the child's parent,
10 guardian, or custodian and to the court. The notice shall be accompanied by a statement of
11 the reasons for taking the child into custody and placing him in detention, community
12 detention, or shelter care. This notice may be combined with the notice required under
13 subsection (d) of this section.

14 **[(j)] (K)** (1) If a child is alleged to have committed a delinquent act, the court
15 or a juvenile intake officer shall consider including, as a condition of releasing the child
16 pending an adjudicatory or disposition hearing, reasonable protections for the safety of the
17 alleged victim.

18 (2) If a victim has requested reasonable protections for safety, the court or
19 juvenile intake officer shall consider including, as a condition of releasing the child pending
20 an adjudicatory or disposition hearing, provisions regarding no contact with the alleged
21 victim or the alleged victim's premises or place of employment.

22 **[(k)] (L)** If a child remains in a facility used for detention for the specific act for
23 which the child has been adjudicated delinquent for more than 25 days after the court has
24 made a disposition on a petition under § 3-8A-19 of this subtitle, the Department of
25 Juvenile Services shall:

26 (1) On the first available court date after the 25th day that the child
27 remains in a facility used for detention, appear at a hearing before the court with the child
28 to explain the reasons for continued detention; and

29 (2) Every 25 days thereafter, appear at another hearing before the court
30 with the child to explain the reasons for continued detention.

31 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
32 October 1, 2019.