

HB1336/582716/1

BY: House Judiciary Committee

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL 1336
(First Reading File Bill)

AMENDMENT NO. 1

On page 1, in the sponsor line, strike “and Wilkins” and substitute “Wilkins, and Conaway”; in line 2, after “Expungement” insert “and Expungement of Misdemeanor Conviction”; strike beginning with “authorizing” in line 4 down through “unit;” in line 10 and substitute “establishing procedures for the filing of a petition for partial expungement; authorizing a person to file a petition for expungement of certain records if the person is convicted of fourth degree burglary; making this Act subject to a certain contingency; requiring the State Court Administrator to report to certain committees of the General Assembly and the Department of Legislative Services on or before a certain date; requiring the State Court Administrator to issue a status report under certain circumstances with a certain frequency; defining a certain term;”; and strike in their entirety lines 12 through 21, inclusive, and substitute:

“BY adding to

Article – Criminal Procedure

Section 10–105.1

Annotated Code of Maryland

(2018 Replacement Volume and 2019 Supplement)

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

Article – Criminal Procedure

Section 10–110(a)(1)(ix)

Annotated Code of Maryland

(2018 Replacement Volume and 2019 Supplement)”.

AMENDMENT NO. 2

(Over)

On pages 2 through 6, strike in their entirety the lines beginning with line 1 on page 2 through line 32 on page 6, inclusive, and substitute:

“10–105.1.

(A) IN THIS SECTION, “PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT” MEANS THE REMOVAL OF AN INDIVIDUAL CRIMINAL CHARGE FROM THE MARYLAND JUDICIARY CASE SEARCH WEBSITE.

(B) WHEN TWO OR MORE CHARGES ARISE FROM THE SAME INCIDENT, TRANSACTION, OR SET OF FACTS, AND ONE OR MORE OF THE CHARGES ARE NOT ELIGIBLE FOR EXPUNGEMENT UNDER § 10–105 OF THIS SUBTITLE, A PERSON MAY FILE A PETITION UNDER THIS SECTION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT OF THE OTHER CHARGE OR CHARGES IN THE UNIT THAT OTHERWISE WOULD BE ELIGIBLE FOR EXPUNGEMENT.

(C) (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPHS (2) AND (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION, A PERSON SHALL FILE A PETITION IN THE COURT IN WHICH THE PROCEEDING BEGAN.

(2) (I) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, IF THE PROCEEDING BEGAN IN ONE COURT AND WAS TRANSFERRED TO ANOTHER COURT, THE PERSON SHALL FILE THE PETITION IN THE COURT TO WHICH THE PROCEEDING WAS TRANSFERRED.

(II) IF THE PROCEEDING BEGAN IN ONE COURT AND WAS TRANSFERRED TO THE JUVENILE COURT UNDER § 4–202 OR § 4–202.2 OF THIS ARTICLE, THE PERSON SHALL FILE THE PETITION IN THE COURT OF ORIGINAL JURISDICTION FROM WHICH THE ORDER OF TRANSFER WAS ENTERED.

(3) (I) IF THE PROCEEDING IN A COURT OF ORIGINAL JURISDICTION WAS APPEALED TO A COURT EXERCISING APPELLATE JURISDICTION, THE PERSON SHALL FILE THE PETITION IN THE APPELLATE COURT.

(II) THE APPELLATE COURT MAY REMAND THE MATTER TO THE COURT OF ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

(D) (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, A PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON AN ACQUITTAL, A NOLLE PROSEQUI, OR A DISMISSAL MAY BE FILED IMMEDIATELY.

(2) A PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON A PROBATION BEFORE JUDGMENT OR A STET WITH THE REQUIREMENT OF DRUG OR ALCOHOL ABUSE TREATMENT MAY NOT BE FILED EARLIER THAN THE LATER OF:

(I) THE DATE THE PETITIONER WAS DISCHARGED FROM PROBATION OR THE REQUIREMENTS OF OBTAINING DRUG OR ALCOHOL ABUSE TREATMENT WERE COMPLETED; OR

(II) 3 YEARS AFTER THE PROBATION WAS GRANTED OR STET WITH THE REQUIREMENT OF DRUG OR ALCOHOL ABUSE TREATMENT WAS ENTERED ON THE DOCKET.

(3) A PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON A NOLLE PROSEQUI WITH THE REQUIREMENT OF DRUG OR ALCOHOL TREATMENT MAY NOT BE FILED UNTIL THE COMPLETION OF THE REQUIRED TREATMENT.

(4) A PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON A FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL PARDON BY THE GOVERNOR MAY NOT BE FILED LATER THAN 10 YEARS AFTER THE PARDON WAS SIGNED BY THE GOVERNOR.

(5) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, A PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON A STET OR A COMPROMISE UNDER § 3-207 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE MAY NOT BE FILED WITHIN 3 YEARS AFTER THE STET OR COMPROMISE.

(6) A PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON THE CONVICTION OF A CRIME UNDER § 10-105(A)(9) OF THIS SUBTITLE MAY NOT BE FILED WITHIN 3 YEARS AFTER THE CONVICTION OR SATISFACTORY COMPLETION OF THE SENTENCE, INCLUDING PROBATION, THAT WAS IMPOSED FOR THE CONVICTION, WHICHEVER IS LATER.

(7) A PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON A FINDING OF NOT CRIMINALLY RESPONSIBLE UNDER § 10-105(A)(9) OR (10) OF THIS SUBTITLE MAY NOT BE FILED WITHIN 3 YEARS AFTER THE FINDING OF NOT CRIMINALLY RESPONSIBLE WAS MADE BY THE COURT.

(8) A PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON THE CONVICTION OF A CRIME UNDER § 10-105(A)(12) OF THIS SUBTITLE MAY NOT BE FILED WITHIN 4 YEARS AFTER THE CONVICTION OR SATISFACTORY COMPLETION OF THE SENTENCE, INCLUDING PROBATION, THAT WAS IMPOSED FOR THE CONVICTION, WHICHEVER IS LATER.

(9) A COURT MAY GRANT A PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT AT ANY TIME ON A SHOWING OF GOOD CAUSE.

(E) (1) THE COURT SHALL HAVE A COPY OF A PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT SERVED ON THE STATE'S ATTORNEY.

(2) UNLESS THE STATE'S ATTORNEY FILES AN OBJECTION TO THE PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER THE PETITION IS SERVED, THE COURT SHALL PASS AN ORDER REQUIRING THE PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT OF THE CHARGE OR CHARGES.

(F) (1) IF THE STATE'S ATTORNEY FILES A TIMELY OBJECTION TO THE PETITION, THE COURT SHALL HOLD A HEARING.

(2) IF THE COURT AT THE HEARING FINDS THAT THE PERSON IS ENTITLED TO PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT, THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT OF THE CHARGE OR CHARGES.

(3) IF THE COURT FINDS THAT THE PERSON IS NOT ENTITLED TO PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT, THE COURT SHALL DENY THE PETITION.

(4) THE PERSON IS NOT ENTITLED TO PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT IF:

(I) THE PETITION IS BASED ON THE ENTRY OF PROBATION BEFORE JUDGMENT, EXCEPT A PROBATION BEFORE JUDGMENT FOR A CRIME WHERE THE ACT ON WHICH THE CONVICTION IS BASED IS NO LONGER A CRIME, AND THE PERSON WITHIN 3 YEARS OF THE ENTRY OF THE PROBATION BEFORE JUDGMENT HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF A CRIME OTHER THAN A MINOR TRAFFIC VIOLATION OR A CRIME WHERE THE ACT ON WHICH THE CONVICTION IS BASED IS NO LONGER A CRIME; OR

(II) THE PERSON IS A DEFENDANT IN A PENDING CRIMINAL PROCEEDING.

(G) (1) THE STATE'S ATTORNEY IS A PARTY TO THE PROCEEDING.

(2) A PARTY AGGRIEVED BY THE DECISION OF THE COURT IS ENTITLED TO APPELLATE REVIEW AS PROVIDED IN THE COURTS ARTICLE.

10-110.

(a) A person may file a petition listing relevant facts for expungement of a police record, court record, or other record maintained by the State or a political subdivision of the State if the person is convicted of:

(1) a misdemeanor that is a violation of:

(ix) § 6-105, § 6-108, § 6-205 (FOURTH DEGREE BURGLARY), § 6-206, § 6-303, § 6-306, § 6-307, § 6-402, or § 6-503 of the Criminal Law Article;

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That:

(a) Section 1 of this Act is contingent on a determination by the State Court Administrator that the technical capabilities of the Judicial Information System and Case Search 2.0 are sufficient to comply with the requirements of Section 1 of this Act and funding for the required technical improvements is available in the State budget.

(b) The State Court Administrator shall notify the Department of Legislative Services and, in accordance with § 2-1257 of the State Government Article, the Senate Judicial Proceedings Committee and the House Judiciary Committee within 5 days after the State Court Administrator makes a determination that the contingencies under subsection (a) of this section have been satisfied.

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(c) If notification under subsection (b) of this section is not made by October 1, 2022, the State Court Administrator shall issue a status report on October 1 and every 6 months thereafter until the contingencies under subsection (a) of this section have been satisfied.

SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That, subject to Section 2 of this Act, this Act shall take effect October 1, 2020.”.